Name: Date:

Lincoln and Emancipation

From early in its history the United States had many enslavers forcing people to work against their will as slaves. Slavery is the ownership of a person as property; an enslaver owns and chooses a person's work, location, home, and family.

Abraham Lincoln personally hated slavery. During his debates with Stephen Douglas in 1858, he pledged to keep slavery from



spreading into the western territories. Originally, Lincoln supported colonization, or freeing slaves and sending them to colonies in South America or Africa. Over time he came to believe that the Union and slavery could not coexist; the country would be all slave or all free territory.

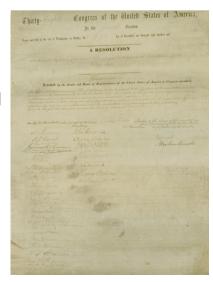


In 1862, after the Battle of Antietam, Lincoln announced his Emancipation Proclamation, which would free all slaves in the southern rebel states on January 1, 1863. However, slavery remained permitted in the loyal border states of Delaware, Kentucky, Maryland, Missouri, and West Virginia.

After his Emancipation Proclamation, Lincoln began pushing for a constitutional amendment that would permanently abolish slavery throughout the entire United States, including enslaved people in the border states.

The amendment was passed by the Senate in April 1864 but was defeated in the House of Representatives. After Lincoln's reelection in 1864, the amendment was brought to the House floor and was passed on January 31, 1865. Lincoln signed the official Thirteenth Amendment Resolution the next day.

Lincoln was not able to see the amendment ratified and become law on December 6, 1865, due to his death on April 15, 1865.



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Directions: Use the reading to choose the best answer.

- 1) In this article what does colonization mean?
 - Establishing control over indigenous people in a land
 - B Claiming land as your own
 - © Freeing slaves and sending them to colonies in South America or Africa
- 2) When was the Thirteenth Amendment ratified?
 - A December 6, 1865
 - B January 31, 1865
 - © April 15, 1865
- 3) The Emancipation Proclamation freed slaves in
 - (A) the border states.
 - B northern Union states.
 - c southern rebel states.
- 4) Who did Lincoln debate with in 1858?
 - (A) Stephen Douglas
 - B William Tecumseh Sherman
 - © Andrew Johnson
- 5) When did the Emancipation Proclamation go into effect?
 - A April 15, 1863
 - B January 1, 1863
 - c December 6, 1865





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Name:	Date:

Lincoln and Emancipation

On the lines below write a summary of the impact President Lincoln made on emancipation in the United States and why you think emancipation is important		